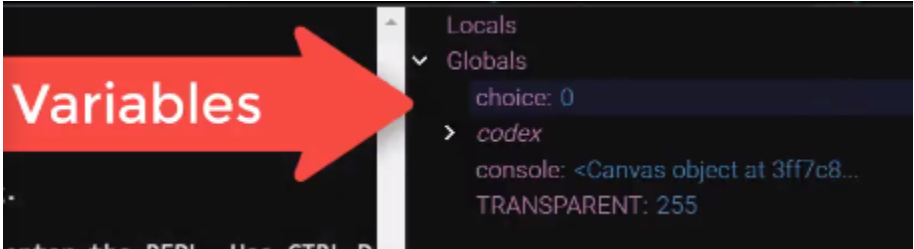


# CodeBot Python Code By Mission

Mission 4 – Animatronics (Objectives 1-5)	
Infinite loop	<pre>while True:</pre>
Updating a variable	<pre>n_led = n_led + 1</pre>
Use debugger to view variables	<div>  <p>Open the console panel while debugging</p> </div>
Reset a variable to stay within a range	<pre>n_led = n_led + 1 if n_led == 8:     n_led = 0</pre>
Break out of a loop	<pre>break</pre>
Increment	<pre>n_guests = n_guests + 1 count = count + 1</pre>
Turn on LED using a variable	<pre>leds.ls_num(n_guests, True)</pre>
Mission 4 – Animatronics (Objectives 6-12)	
Play a tone on the speaker	<pre>spkr.pitch(440) sleep(0.1)</pre> <p>the (argument) is the pitch frequency</p>
Turn off the speaker	<pre>spkr.off()</pre>
Debounce a button press	<pre>buttons.was_pressed(0)</pre>
While loop	<pre>while count &lt; 10:</pre> <p>(will iterate, or repeat, 10 times if count starts at 0)</p>
Import random library	<pre>from random import randrange</pre>
Get a random number within a range	<pre>f = randrange(100, 1000)</pre>

Define a function	<pre>def flashLEDs():     leds.user(0b11111111)     sleep(0.5)     leds.user(0b00000000)     sleep(0.5)</pre> <pre># Function to play a note def note(freq, duration):     spkr.pitch(freq)     sleep(duration)     spkr.off()     sleep(0.05)</pre>
Call a function	<code>flashLEDs()</code> <code>note(F4, 0.4)</code>
<b>Mission 5 - Fence Patrol</b>	
Read a line sensor	<pre>ls.read(num) # Sensor 'num' can be 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4</pre> <pre>val = ls.read(n)</pre> <p>(returns a value between 0 and 4095)</p>
Display the value of a variable in the console	<code>print(val)</code> <code>print("Line sensor value = ", val)</code>
Assign a Boolean result of a comparison to a variable  Use the Boolean variable in code	<pre>threshold = 2500 is_detected = val &lt; threshold leds.ls_num(0, is_detected)</pre>
Detection	<p>Dark line on light surface – use <code>val &gt; threshold</code></p> <p>Light line on dark surface – use <code>val &lt; threshold</code></p>
Use a comparison with a while loop and use the control variable as an argument in a function call	<pre>n = 0 while n &lt; 5:     detect_line(n)     n = n + 1</pre>
Wait loop (safe driving)	<pre>while True:     if buttons.was_pressed(0):         break</pre>
Return statement	<code>return is_detected</code> <code>return got_line</code>
Call to a function that has a return	<code>hit = scan_lines()</code> <code>if detect_line(count):</code>
Use a variable to turn on LEDs	<pre>leds.user(line_count)</pre> <p>line_count will be from 0 to 255</p>

Wrap-around the  
line\_count variable  
for binary numbers

```
line_count = line_count + 1  
if line_count == 256:  
    line_count = 0
```